The National Republican.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1883.

NEW PROPERTY OF THE PARTY AND THE PARTY OF T

THREE CENTS

LUCKY LORILLARDS.

They Won Four Out of the Five Races Yesterday at Ivy City.

Fair Weather, a Fine Track, Splendid Horses, and Fast Time.

Iroquois, Eole, Miss Woodford, and Drake Carter Will Run Together To-Day.

The Summaries of Yesterday's Races-The Entries and Pools.

Judges, -Col. J. C. McKibbin, Lient, W. H. Emory, Hou. Wash. Booth, Capt. Frank Hollings-head. 7imers.—Frank Hall, Gov. Bowle. Starter.—D. D. Clark.

The National Jockey club can be fairly congratulated over the auspicious opening of their autumn meeting. The only thing to detract from the pleasure of the day was the cold wind, otherwise a perfect track, good entries, good starting, and spirited contests served to reuder the day eminently satisfactory from a racing point of view.

For an opening day the attendance was quite large and fashionable, probably 4,000 persons being present. The grand stand was well filled, a great many ladies taking advantage of the occasion to display their elegant fall costumes. Among those present were Admiral Porter, Gen. Sturgis, Col. Corkhill, Maj. Lydecker, Hon. Jere Wilson, Gen. Mc-Kee Dunn, Col. Rockwell, Gen. Swaim, Sen-Kee Dunn, Col. Rockwell, Gen. Swaim, Senstor Kiddleberger, Sonator Johnson, Skipworth Gordon, Robert Hall, Maj. Goodloe, Gen. David McKibben, James E. Kelly, Capt. Hollingshead, Hon. Frank Hatton, Hallet Kilbourn, Gen. Thos. Brady, Dr. Bliss, Dr. Hagner, Maj. William Dickson, J. S. Edwards, Senor Don J. Frederico Elmore, Peruvian minister; Mr. Charles de Struve and Mr. Gregoire de Williamov, of the Russian legation; Commissioners Edmonds and West, Capt. Greene, P. H. Christman, H. C. Blutt, O. C. Green, Gen. Absalom Baird, Judge Chppy, Norris Peters, Frank Ward, Frank J. Lewis, Hon. Court Matson, Gov. Bowie, R. W. and Jeter Walden, and many others noted in politics and on the turf.

THE RACING. So far, at any rate, Mr. Pierre Lorillard has So far, at any rate, Mr. Pierre Lorllard has no reason to regret bringing his splendid horaes to Washington for the first time. Judging from their exhibition yesterday, the stable is in fine form, and it may be that froquois will to-day be able to do justice to his fame as the only American winner of the English Derby. To carry off four consecutive races is rare good luck for any stable, and the master of Raucocus, had he been present to witness the victories of Aranza, Leo, Parole, and Breeze, would have been the Leo, Parote, and Breeze, would have been the recipient of many warm congratulations. The track was in fine condition, the time in consequence being fast in each race.

consequence being fast in each race.

For the first race, a mile dash, Aranza, Brad, Homespun, and Fairview started. Aranza was a great favorite. Several false starts were made, Aranza and Brad cutting up a good deal at the post. When the flag feil Aranza got off with a lead of three or four lengths, Brad second. The mare led from start to finish, winning easily by three lengths, with Brad second and Homespun third. Time, 1:444. third. Time, 1:444.

For the second race, the Arlington stakes, for two-year-olds, at three-fourths of a mile, for two-year-oles, at three-fourths of a mile, there were seven starters. Lee was a strong favorite, though there was a tip on Ecuador. But little time was wasted at the post, Mr. Clark dispatching the lot to an excellent start, with Welcher leading, Tolu second, Leo third, and the others well up. Welcher kept his lead past the half, but midway to the three-fourths was headed by Leo, who kept his head to the finish, winning by three lengths with case. After a lively tussel with lengths with case. After a lively tussel with Welcher, Eclat beat him at the pool stands and finished second, Welcher third, the others finishing as placed in the summary. The third race was owing to Parole being

one of the contestants, a garded by the crowd was greeted with a plause when he came out for his prefiminary canter, and doubly cheered when he came back to the stand a gallant winner.

Parole was in the lead at the start, but was Parole was in the lead at the start, but was pulled back to the rear at once, leaving Rica in the lead. Size lead past the stand by a length, with Sprague second, compensation third. Foreign went to the front going round the turn and kept his advantage to the three-quarters, where the order was Sprague, Rica, Compensation, Parole The latter began to improve his position, and at the turn for home was second. Coming down the stretch he ran by his horses, and won in a canter by four lengths. After a hot struggle, Rica beat Sprague under the wire for second money by a haif length. The time, 2:107, was fast. Compensation seemed to lack speed at the finish.

The fourth race was a spin of five furlongs, with eleven fast ones in at light weights The well carned reputation of Breeze for speed at short distances made her a hot favor-ite, W. P. Burch and Wandering being well backed of the others. Considerable delay oced at the post that sadly tried patience of the crowd shivering the cold atmosphere. When the flag fell Wandering got away in front to a good start, Chicadee second, War Eagle third, the others close up. This order was to the head of the stretch, where Breeze became second, having worked her way from the rear. A fast run down the homestreich re-sulted in the success of Breeze by a second suited in the success of Breeze by a scant length, Wandering second, Burch third, the others as in summary. Time, very fast, 1:01%. The sports of the day wound up with a hurdle race, for which Buster was a red hot favorite, but it was the turn of a "short horse' to win. It was a pretty race to look at, all the horses jumping without a mistake and keeping well together from start to finish. Red Fox led over the first two jumps, being then headed by Gath, who stayed in front to the finish, winning by two lengths from Buster, Beaverweck a good lengths from Buster, Beaverwyck a third, Red Fox fourth, and Heloise last. SUMMARY.

Ivy City, Oct. 16.—First day of the autumn meet-ng of the National Jockey club. First race—Purse \$500, of which \$100 to second, for all ages. Maidean allowed—if 3 years old, 7 pounds; if 4, 15 pounds; and if 5 and upwards, 25 pounds. Horses not having won \$1,000 in 1883 allowed 5 pounds. One mile.

P. I. rillard's Arausa, 5, by Bonnie Scotland, dam Arizona, 111 pounds (S. aner). G. B. Sherman's Brad, 5, by Hurrab, 111 pounds W. P. Burch's Homespun, 4, 100 pounds (May Oden Bowie's Fairview, 3, 92 pounds (J. Dono

Betting-I to 4 against Arangs, 4 to 1 against Braz, 30 to 1 each against Homespun and Fair-

view.
Pools—Aranza, 2256; Brad, \$130; Fairview, \$20;
Homespu., \$25. Mutuals paid \$6.65.
Time, 1:41;
Second race—The Arlington stakes, for 2-year-cids; \$25 each, play or pay. Club to add \$500, of which \$150 to the second. Whener of any sweep-stakes of the value of \$1,500 to carry 5 pounds extended the state of the same stakes. It requires. Colts and

\$25; Walden, \$25; Eclat, \$15; Old Liz, \$5. Mutuals paid \$8,50. Value to winner, \$025.

Time, 1:17.

Rica, 7 to 1 against Consensation.
Compensation. Pools—Parole, \$100; Rica, \$20; Col. Sprague and Compensation, \$10 each. Mutuals paid \$6.85.
Value to winner, \$1,000.
Time, 2:1034.

Value to winner, \$1,000.

Time, 2.1034.

Fourth race—Purse \$400, of which \$50 to second, for all ages. The winner to be sold at auction for \$4,000. If entered to be sold for iess, 1 pound allowed for each \$250 down to \$3.000; then 1 pound for each \$250 down to \$3.000; then 1 pound for each \$100 down to \$1,000; then 1 pound for each \$100 down to \$1,000; then 1 pound for each \$500 down to \$1,000; then 1 pound for each \$500 down to \$30. Any surplus over selling price to be divided equally between the owners of the second ant third horses. Five furionss.

P. Lorillard's Breeze, 3, by Alarm, dam Blairgowie, 92 pounds (Olney).

Davis & Hall's War Eagle, 3, 76 pounds (Furceil). 2

W. P. Burch's W. P. Burch, 3, 22 p. ands, (Maynard).

Davis & Hall's War Eagle, 3, 81 pounds (Braig). 0

G. R. Tompkins's Bismarck, aged, 85 pounds (Chatwii)

Deter Waiden's Chickadee, 4, 83 pounds (J. Donabie).

Time, 1:01%.

W. C. Daley's Red Fox, 5, 130 pounds (W. Mezny).

Mezny).

W. Medinger's Heloise, 6, 123 pounds (Pope).

Betting—1 to 2 against Bustor, 2 to 1 against Beaverwyck, 8- to 1 against Gath, 10 to 1 against led Fox, and 20 to 1 against Heloise.

Pools—Bustor. \$50; Beaverwyck, \$20; Red Fox, 5; Gath and Heloise, in field, \$10. Mutuals paid \$80.55.

To-day's programme consists of five events, chief among them being the great race at a mile and a half for the District of Columbia stakes. Eole, Miss Woodford, Iroquois, and Drake Carter are a great quartette, and the desire to see such world famous horses in what must prove a bitter struggle will bring out a great crowd. The entries are as fol

FIRST RACE. One mile, for all ages, with selling allowances W. C. Daley's Hilarity, 4, by Bonnie Scotland, C. H. Pettinglil's Fair Count, aged, by Dudley, W. P. Burch's Colonel Sprague, 6, by Caivin. P. Lorillard's Amazon, 4, by Moccasin. J. E. Keiley's Heel-and-Toe, 3, by King Alfonso, M. J. Daley's Mark, 4, by King Ernest. C. Littledeld's Pearl Thorn, 3, by Pat Malloy.

SECOND RACE. The Analostan stakes, for 3-year-olds, one mile
J. E. Kelley's Clonnet, by King Alfonso. 116
W. C. Daley's King Fan, by King Alfonso. 116
Dwyer Bros. Wandering, by Wanderer. 106
W. P. Burch's W. P. Burch, by Enquirer. 107
W. C. Daley's Retort, by King Ernest. 107
Hopson Bros.' Delilat, by The Ill-Used. 107

oden Bowie's Fairview, 3, by Legatee........102 FIFTH BACE

s a steeplechase, the entries for which will close t the track this forenoon.

Baltimore and Ohio trains run directly to the track, and will leave the depot on New Jersey avenue during the races at 9:11, 11:30 a. m., and 12:10, 12:20, 12:45, 1:15, and 2 p. m. Pools will be sold at the track at 11 a. m. such day of the meetings, no selling being

"EVERY THING IS QUIET NOW." But Order Was Only Restored by the Lynching of a Negro.

CHARLESTON, N. C., Oct. 16 .- A large crowd gathered at Statesville Monday to witness a circus. Many of the visitors were from Wilkes and Alexander counties, and some came in wagons from long distances, camping out. Saturday night a white man named Rhyan was baily beaten by a negro, whose name is unknown. A bad feeling existed in the crowd. On Monday a white man named Redmond quarreled with a negro named Campbell, who fired three shots, killing Redmond instantly, the second bullet going through his heart. The first shot struck a bystander named Tom Ball, inflicting a pain-ful wound. Campbell was arrested. Larnight, after midnight, about thirty masked men took Campbell from jail and hanged him to a tree. They did their work so quietly that the occurrence was not known generally until Campbell's body was found dangling to the tree at daylight. Everything is quiet

Cordial Reception of Grand Army Boys in Richmond.

RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 16.-Lincoln post No 11, Grand Army of the Republic, of Newark, N. J., numbering 150, accompanied by number of invited guests, arrived here at 11 o'clock this morning by a special train. They were met at the depot by Phil Kearney post, Grand Army of the Republic; R. E. Lee camp of confederate veterans, and the Richmond Light Infantry Blues, and escorted through the principal streets. They attracted universal attention, and were cheered at various points on the line. They marched to Sanger hali, where Mayor Carrington formally welcomed them and extended the hospitalities of the city. They will spend the remainder of the day in sight seeing, and to-night will be banqueted.

LAFAYETTE, IND., Oct. 16 .- Nellings's full confession, stating that under the impulse of a murderous mania he had gone to the house and murdered Ada Atkinson, was read to an excited multitude at Oxford this afternoon, Great crowds on horseback, in wagons, and buggies now throng the road to Fowler. The sheriff, who was at Oxford, has taken the nearest road, but is little in advance of the crowd, and lynching is probable.

The Bradford Mines.

PITTSBURG, PA., Oct. 16 .- A special dispatch to the Bradford, (Pa.,) Chronicie says the Rochester and Pittsburg mines at Beech Tree and Punxeutawaney are in full blast. The strikers have not attempted to interfere. is ramored that the low grade division of the miners are weakening. Pinkerton's men have things well in hand, and but for their presence a riot would have taken place ere

Sentenced for Robbery. HUNTER'S POINT, N. Y., Oct. 16-George Stillwagener, of Green Point, who was convicted on Friday last of highway robbery and assaulting Officer Stewart and Lorenz Meyer. of New York, on a Rockaway beach train Sept. 10, was sentenced to-day to twelve years and six months in the state prison,

WIRED FROM THE OLD WORLD

Awards Made to Americans by the International Fisheries Commission.

Sanguinary Riots in Hungary Between Slavs and Magyars.

O'Donnell, the Slayer of Carey, Appeals in Vain for Tobacco in Prison.

Cetewayo to Surrender to the English-The Franco-Spanish Situation.

LONDON, Oct. 16 .- A committee of justices has considered a letter of Mr. Guy, O'Donnell's solicitor, in regard to his client being deprived the use of tobacco. The committee, after seeing the prisoner, and hearing the opinions of the prison physician, which was that O'Donnell was in excellent health, has refused to grant the request that the prisoner be allowed the use of tobacco.

Violent gales prevailed on the English coast last night and continued to-day. Several wrecks of vessels with loss of life have been reported.

At the examination of Warden, the defaulting manager of the London and River Plate bank to-day, the public prosecutor said he expected that the prisoner would furnish tes-

timony sgainst Watters, the broker.

It transpired during the examination that Warden, when he discovered detection of his defalcation was inevitable, and after having made desperate efforts through Watters to produce the bonds went to Watters, and saying that the game was up, borrowed £200 from him, with the aid of which he intended to flee the country. The prisoner was remanded.

manded.

The society for promoting state aided emi-gration will send a mission to the east end of London to inquire into the condition of the working classes there with the view of ascer-taining how many persons among them may feel inclined to emigrate to northwestern Canada. The results of the inquiry will be furnished the government. An outbreak of trichinosis is reported at

Ermsloben, Prussian Saxony. One hundred and eighty persons are suffering from the dis-ease, and four deaths therefrom have occurred. R. Edward Earll and William V. Cox. United States delegates to the international fisheries exhibition, announce the following awards: The jury has awarded 48 gold, 47 silver, and 29 bronze medals, 24 diplomas, and 7 special prizes to United States exhibitors. The United States fish commission receives 18 gold meduls for various exhibits. Other gold meduls are given to the United States national museum, the United States lightheuse board, and the United States signal

Gold medal, are also given as follows: To Prof. G. Brown Goode, assistant director of the national museum at Washington and a the national museum at Washington and a commissioner to the exhibition for a work upon iethyology. To Prof. Alex. Agassiz, of the museum of comparative zoology, Cambridge, Mass., for publications relating to fishes and marine invertebrates and plans of biological laboratory at Newport, R. I. To Prof. D. S. Jordan, of Indiana university, Bloomington, Ind., for works of iethyology. To Prof. J. E. Hilgard, superintendent of the United States coast and geodetic survey, Washington, for ocean salinometer and optical densometer. To Commander Charles D. Ligsbee, U. S. N., for apparatus employed in deep sea search, in the work of the United States coast survey. To Potter & Wrighting-States coast survey. To Potter & Wrighting-ton, Boston, for brined mackerel. To B. S. Snow & Co., Boston, for boneless codfish. To L. Rickert & Co., Boston, for compressed codfish, To Wm. Mills & Son, New York, two med-als for fishing rods. To Marshall McDonald, for salmon ladder. To the Washington, Masnington, 107
American Net company, Boston, for nets. To
J. H. Bartlett & Son, New Bedford, Mass.,
for a full sized whale boat rigged for use. To for a full sized whale boat rigged for use. To John Bliss & Co., New York, for an American chronometer. To H. D. Ostirmoor & Son, New York, for a life saving mattress. To the United States Beacon Light and Signal company, Philadelphia, for a compressed beacon. To the Russia Cement company, Gloucester, Mass., for fish glue made from fish skins. To H. W. Mason for an explosive harpoon. To J. W. Beardsley's Sons, New York, for salted codfish. To Chas. Alden, Randelph, Mass., for codfish prepared by the Alden evaporating process. To Capt. Eben Pierce, New Bedford, Mass., for a bomb lance for killing whales. To Thomas A. Irving, Gloucester, Mass., for a rigged model of a three-masted fishing rigged model of a three-masted fishing schooner. The Old Colony mills, Plymouth, Mass., for canvas used on fishing vessels. J. & H. Green, New York for baroneters. William L. Bailte, passed assistant engineer, U. S. N., for self registering thermometer for deep sea research. To A. W. Dodd & Co., (illunester, Mass. for ced liver employer.)

deep sea research. To A. W. Dodd & Co., Gloucester, Mass., for cod liver emulsion.

MADRID, Oct. 16.—The Liberal states that the Marquis de la Vega de Armijo, late minister of foreign affairs, on the ninth instant, sent a vote to the Powers narrating the occurrences that took place mon the occasion. currences that took place upon the occasio of King Alfonso's arrival in Paris, and stating that when the king reached the Spanish embassy, after being insuited in the streets, he (the Marquis de la Vega de Armijo), tele-graphed to the government at Madrid asking whether the king should leave Paris imme-

diately, and that the government answered The Iberia opposes the proposition for universal suffrage, but admits that the present franchise is capable of extension. PARIS, Oct. 16.—Prime Minister Ferry, in a speech delivered at Havre yesterday, fore-shadowed the withdrawal by France of the present embargo upon the importation of

American bacon. A dispatch from Salzon to the Gaulois states that Dr. Harmand, the French civil commissioner, has offered to go to Pekin and resume negotiations with the Chinese government upon the Tonquin question.

The cabinet has adopted the proposal of

Admiral Peyron, minister of marine and of the colonies, to create a superior council for the colonies, to be composed of thirty-six

nembers.
The Telegraphe says Admiral Peyron intends to give Catholic missions an important part in the system of colonial extension, as he con-siders that Catholic missionaries may render substantial service.

DUBLIN, Oct. 16.—The league meeting at at Roslea, county Fernanagh, to-day was ad-dressed by Messrs. Healy, Sullivan, and Bigdressed by Messrs. Healy, Sullivan, and Big-gar, members of parliament. Mr. Michael Davitt, who had been expected to attend, was absent. A meeting of Orangemen was held at the same time. A collision between them and the Parnellites was prevented by a large force of police and soldiery. The Orangemen at their meeting resolved to do their utmost "to resist the attempt to place Ireland under the government of murderers and robels." the government of murderers and rebels.

Rome, Oct. 16.—Prior to his departure for Paris, the papal nuncio to France received instructions from the vatican relative to the attitude that he is to adopt toward the different political parties in that country. He is directed to observe strict neutrality.

An international readstic conference is

An international geodetic conference is being held here. Among the delegates pres-ent is Gen. B. D. Cutts, of the United States coast and geodetic survey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 16.—Gen. Wallace,
United States minister, will on Monday leave for Naples, where he will remain for two

DUBBAN, Oct. 16 .- Cetewayo, king, will surrender to the British resident. He will be conveyed to Natal.

Pretti, Oct. 16.—A sangainary affray has occurred at Miava, Upper Hungary, between

day.

Two or three trains were sent west last night, and more will be moved to-day. It is also likely that trains will be run from East St. Louis to-day, as some of the roads at least will employ new men.

The Ohio and Mississippi road, being in the

and will probably put new men at work to-

THE EAST ST. LOUIS STRIKE.

Their Demands are Complied With.

hands of a receiver, and under the protection of the United States court, several United States deputy marshals arrived at East St. Louis last night from Springfield, with in-structions from the United States district attorney to arrest anybody who attempts to in-terfere with the transaction of business on that road. This may have a salutary effect on the strikers, and the indications are that no violence will be resorted to. The strikers held a meeting last night and

resolved to stand out till their demands are somplied with.
Some apprehension is felt that a frieght

blockade may occur at east St. Louis as a result of the strike of the yard men there, but none of the railways have as yet refused to receive freight. The managers of the rail-ways have decided not to yield to the de-mands of the strikers or to compromise. They are bringing men from the country to fill the strikers places. The strikers are now holding a secret meeting.

THE ST. LOUIS POLICE SCANDAL How Gov. Crittenden Demanded Blank

Resignations From His Appointees.

St. Louis, Oct. 16.-The Post-Dispatch con tinues its revelations regarding testimony before the late grand jury as to the gambling and the police department. It prints to-day ten columns of evidence. E. J. White, attorney for ex-Police Commissioner Kinkead, swore that he informed Gov. Crittenden that the resignation sent him by Warren McChes-ney, the alleged head of the gambling ring, was a forgery; that the governor insisted on Kinkhead sending him another, and that after parleying and compromising it was finally settled that the genuine resignation should take effect Oct. 1. Thomas E. Lutt, president of the Third National bank, testified that he demanded blank resignations from that he demanded blank resignations from two gentlemen who could have been appointed police commissioners on that condition, but they refused, and that the suggestion of blank resignations originated solely with Gov. Crittenden for his use. Charles Green, president of the fair association, testified that Mr. Lutt demanded a blank resignation from him for the governor, but he refused. Ex-Polica Commissioner Boland testified to the

same facts.

In the court of appeals to-day application was made to compel the police board to produce the records of the last meeting, and asking the court to reverse the board's action in ousting Chief of Police Campbell without preferring charges. The case was argued and preferring charges. The case was argued and taken under advisement. Gov. Crittenden announces that he is ready to appear before the grand jury at any time.

The Confederate Remains at Norfolk.

NORFOLK, VA., Oct. 16.—The remains of the southern soldiers recently disinterred at this morning, and were taken to Raleigh, under the escort of detachments from the military companies of this city and Ports-mouth. Minute guns were fired from the time the steamer came in sight until the remains were transferred to the cars. The flags in the city and harbor were at half mast, bells tolled, and hundreds of ex-confederate veterans were in line in the civic and military procession. The floral offerings were profuse, and the Ladies' Memorial assoslation of Portsmouth formed in a procession

when the remains reached that city.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 16.—The remains of one hundred and twenty-six confederate one hundred and twenty-six confederate soldiers, removed from Arlington, reached here to-night, escorted by the Suffolk Greys, detachments from the Norfolk Guards, Norfolk Blues, Portsmouth Guards, and the Fayetteville Light Infantry. Thirty-two pall bearers (confederate vet-erans) and the Raleigh Light Infantry met the remains at the depot, and accompanied by a tremendous crowd, the military cortege moved to the capitol, where the caskets were deposited in the rotunda. The caskets were profusely covered with flowers. The remains will be interred to-morrow.

Butterine.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16 .- A meeting of the Mercantile Exchange was held to-day to take action in regard to the illegitimate sale of butterine for butter. A committee, consisting of John S. Martin, Wm. H. Duckworth, and B. F. Van Valkenburg, was appointed to confer with the state attorney general, the state and city boards of health, and the district attorneys of New York and Brooklyn as to the best measures to be taken for the prevention of these fraudulent practices.

The Case of McDevitt.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Oct. 16,-Thomas A McDevitt, who was convicted last year for complicity in the star route frauds, was released from the Eastern penitentiary to-day. He was sentenced last year to one year's im-prisonment and \$500 fine. Not being able to pay his fine and the costs of prosecution, erved an additional thirty days, and gains his freedom under the poor convict act.

Cremated. WASHINGTON, PA., Oct. 16,-The remains of Dr. Charles E. Blumenthal, of New York, were cremated at Le Moyne's furnace to-day. The body was accompanied by a Knight Templar escort, from Mary commandery, of Philadelphia of which the deceased was past commander. The ashes will be sent to

past com nander. The Carlisle, Pa., for burial. A Murderer Captured. CINCINNATI, Oct. 16.—A special dispatch to the Times-Star from Little Rock, Ark., says: Wyatt Ames, who killed Saunders Blount, who was attempting to arrest him on Satur

day, was caught last night, and, upon attempting to escape, was riddled with builets." A Chicago Cashier's Fall.

Cincago, Oct. 16.-Florence H. Peters ashler for Lyon & Healy, dealers in musical instruments, was arrested here last night, after making a confession that he had taken \$12,000 of the firm's money and lost it at faro. A Texas Failure.

GALVESTON, TEX., Oct. 16 .- A dispatch to the News from Cuero says, A. W. Evans, dry goods and grocories, has suspended with lia-bilities amounting to \$16,000. His assets are nominally \$19,000.

Base Ball. At New York-

New York....... 0 0 0 1 0 1 Metropolitan...... 1 0 0 0 0 1 At St. Louis-Slave and Magyars. Troops were called out, St. Louis.....

and were compelled, before they could quell the disturbances, to fire upon the rioters.

Order was restored with much difficulty.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN NEW YORK.

Two of the Werst Criminals in the City Slain Yesterday.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.-The saloon kept by The Strikers Resolve to Stand Out Till the notorious "Shang" Draper was the scene of a bloody affray this morning that resulted Sr. Louis, Oct. 16.—It appears that the switchmen in East St. Louis did not serve a formal notice of their action on the officers of the companies, but sent unsigned notices to the station agents of the different roads. The men in the Chicago and Alton yard have been getting Chicago wages, but they joined the strikers out of sympathy, and say they will stand out till the demands of the strikers are acceded to. The mon on this side of the river also acted out of sympathy with the strikers, and they state that they have no grievance and no fault to find with their pay. Nothing has been done by the companies as yet, but it is understood that they will refuse to comply with the demands of the strikers, and will probably put new men at work to-St. Louis, Oct. 16 .- It appears that the in the killing of two of the worst criminals

where they were confined for the Patchen avenue burglary.

John Irving and "Jack the Mick" were in Draper's saloon shortly before 2 o'clock this morning, when it should have been closed, and being both filled up with liquor, after a night's carousal, picked up a quarrel about some rascality in which they were mutually interested. The altercation was taking a noisy turn when Billy Porter came in and tried to stop it. His interference, instead of quieting the fighting men, only roused them to fury, and both whipped out revolvers and fired at close quarters. Every one in the saloon sought cover as the double report rang out. The shots were fired at the same instant, with equally deadly effect. Irving fell dead with Johnny the Mick's bullet in his brain and the Mick fell shot through the heart. Neither lived long enough to draw his breath twice after the shot. Billy Porter and the gang then ran out shot. Billy Porter and the gang then ran out to the street, but the reports had roused the police, and Draper was arrested. Every per-son who was suspected of having been in the saloon at the time of the shooting was taken

into custody.

A jury will be empaneled to view the bodies of the dead burglars this afternoon. The police believe that Porter was an actor in the tragedy. They are sorry that he also was not counted among the victims. Irving was a safe burglar and robber of the boldest kind. Jack Walch's record is as bad, if not

worse.

The coronor's examination developed the fact that Irving was the aggressor of the two and that several shots were fired before the simultaneous discharge that killed both the simultaneous discharge that killed both the combatants. The police found in Billy Porter's pocket, when he was arrested, a revolver, three chambers of which were empty. It is thought from this fact that he participated in the shooting and that it was the result of a deliberate plan to kill Walch, who was in the way. It is known that Irving and Walch, who had been pals, quarrelled about the division of plunder at one of their robberies. Several witnesses before the coroabout the division of plunder at one of their robberies. Several witnesses before the coro-ner swore that though Porter was present at the shooting he did not participate in it. Porter is held pending the result of the inquest on Friday next.

Rockville Items.

Special Dispatch.
ROCKVILLE, MD., Oct. 16.—The board of nanagement of the Montgomery County Agricultural society met here yesterday, and perfected the arrangements for the approaching exhibition, which will open on Wednesday of next week, and continue three days. Already applications have been received for nearly all applications have been received for nearly all the horse stalls and eattle pens, and, the in-dications are, that although the exhibition will be later in the season, it will be more complete in nearly all departments than ever before. Dr. Loring, United States commis-sioner of agriculture, will deliver the annual

address on the first day of the fair.

On last Sunday Deputy Sheriff Bell, of Damascus, this county, started for this place with a negro hores thick who had been operating in Carroll county. Just before reaching the jail the negro jumped from the carriage and made his escape. Nothing has been and made his escape. Nothing has been

and made his escape. Nothing has been heard of him since.

The nuptials of Miss Kate Laney, grand niece of the late Chief Justice Laney, and Mr. James Wilcox, of Philadelphia, will be celebrated at Edgewood, this county, the residence of Mr. J. A. Laney, the father of the prospective bride, on the twenty-fifth instant.

The republican campaign will open in this county on Friday, the nineteenth instant, in

ounty on Friday, the nineteenth instant, in the Town hall in this place. Hon, Hart B. Holton, Col. James C. Mullikin, Frank H. Stockett, and several other prominent speakers will address the meeting on the real issues of the day.'

Destructive Fire at Lynchburg.

LYNCHBURG, VA., Oct. 16 .- Within the last two nights there have been as many as three incendiary fires in this city, none of which vere serious in their character. But about 5 o'clock this evening a most disastrous fire accidentally occurred on Lynch street, in the large tobacco factory of Maj. A. H. Leftwich, which destroyed the whole of that building, with all of its contents, and the adjoining tobacc factory occupied by Mr. F. M. Dunnington, and doing serious damage to several of the adjoining factories and buildings. The loss is supposed to have been \$40,000, with insurance amounting to \$30,000. The fire is considered to have been purely accidental, and if it had occurred in the night, instead of the day, the damage and loss would no doubt have been much more serious.

The Army of the Tennessee. CLEVELAND, OHIO, Oct. 16 .- The members f the Society of the Army of Tennessee are arriving here to attend the sixteenth annual reunion. To-morrow's programme includes

a business meeting in the forenoon, a visit to Garfield's tomb in the afternoon, and a formal reception in the evening at the Euclid Avenue Opera house, where Dosa Henning will sing "The Star Spangled Banner." Gov. Foster and Mayor Farley will make the welcoming addresses, and Gen. Sherman will re-spond. Gen. Bishop Fallows, of Chicago, will deliver the annual oration. The Arion deliver the annual oration. The Arion quartette will sing military songs, and eminent soldiers will be called out for impromptu speeches. The reunion will be continued to Thursday, concluding with a grand banquet.

A New Opera House.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Oct. 16.-The new open house was opened here last evening in the presence of a very large and brilliant audince. Among the notable people were Mayor Brien and Gov. Hubbard, both of who made speeches, and Gen. Terry, commanding the post at Fort Snelling. The performance by the Emma Abbett Opera company was the opera of "Trovatore."
The house cost over \$200,000, and will seat

more than 2,000 people.

A Bartender's Crime.

NEW YORK, Oct., 16 .- Daniel Courtney, bartender, was tried in the general sessions to-day on the charge of killing Thomas Young, a longshoreman, on Sept. 6 last, by shooting him in the head in a saloon on South street. No cause could be assigned for the deed. He was found guilty of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to state prison

McNamara, the Clubber,

NEW YORK, Oct. 16 .- Maurice McNamara, policeman, who has been on trial on the charge of killing John Smith on Ang. 30 by breaking his neck with a club while arresting him for intoxication, was convicted to-day of assault in the third degree. The high-est penalty under the conviction is one year's imprisonment and \$500 fine.

The Weather To-Day

Fair weather, winds mostly easierly, Juling barome er, stationary or vising temperature, Yesterday's thermometer: 7 a. m., 39.0°; 11 a. m., 18.2°; 3 p. m., 52.0°; 7 p. m., 45.7°; 11 p. m. 42.3°; um, 55.0°; minimum, 57.5°.

"CRUEL AS SŁAVERY'S LASH."

Col. Ingersoll's View of the Civil Rights Docision and the Color Line.

We Need Another Constitutional Amendment or a New Court,"

The Decision the Tap of a Drum-The Old Veterans Will Fall Into Line-The Next Great Issue.

The Government Bound to Protect All Its Citizens Everywhere.

reporter of Col. Ingersell last evening.

COL. INGERSOLL. "What do you think of the recent opinion. of the supreme court touching the rights of the colored man?" inquired a REPUBLICAN

"I think it is all wrong. The intention of the framers of the amendment, by virtue of which the law was passed, was that no distinction should be made in inns, in hotels, cars, nor in theaters; in short, in public places on account of color, race, or previous condition. The object of the men who framed that amendment to the constitution was perthat amendment to the constitution was perfectly clear, perfectly well known, perfectly understood. They intended to secure, by an amendment to the fundamental law, what had been fought for by hundreds of thousands of men. They knew that the institution of slavery had cost rebellion; they also knew that the spirit of caste was only slavery in another form. They intended to kill that spirit. Their object was that the law, like the sun, should shine upon all, and that no man keeping a hotel, no corporation running cars, nor no persons managing a theater should make any distinction on account of race or color. The distinction on account of race or color. The amendment is above all praise. It was the result of a moral exaltation such as the world never before had seen. There were

world never before had seen. There were years during the war, and after, when the American people were simply sublime; when their generosity was boundless; when their sense of justice was as keen as Christ's; when they were willing to endure any hardship to make this an absolutely free country.

"This decision of the supreme court puts the hest people of the colored race at the mercy of the meanest portion of the white race. It allows a contemptible white man to trample upon a real good colored man. I believe in drawing a line between good and bad, between clean and unclean, but I do not bad, between clean and unclean, but I do not

believe in drawing a color line which is as cruel as the lash of slavery.

"I am willing to be on an equality in all hotels, in all cars, in all theaters, with colored people. I make no distinction of race. Those make the distinction who cannot afford to the life that has made to distinction. not to. If nature has made no distinction between me and some others, I do not ask the aid of the legislature. I am willing to associate with all good, clean persons, irrespective

of complexion.
"This decision virtually gives away one of This decision virtually gives away one of the great principles for which the war was fought. It carries the doctrine of 'state rights' to the democratic extreme, and renders necessary either another amendment

or a new court.

"I agree with Justice Harlan. He has taken a noble and a patrictic stand. Kentucky rebukes Massachusetts! I am waiting with some impatience—impatient because I with some impatience—impatient because I anticipate a pleasure—for his dissenting opinion. Only a little while ago Justice Harlan took a very noble stand on the Virginia coupon cases, in which was involved the right of a state to repudiate its debts. Now he has taken a stand in favor of the civil rights of the colored man; and in both instances I think he is right.

instances I think he is right,
"This decision may, after all, help the republican party. A decision of the supreme court aroused the indignation of the entire north, and I hope the present decision will have a like effect. The good people of this country will not be satisfied until every man beneath the flag, without the slightest respect to his complexion, stands on a perfect equality before the law with every other. Any government that makes a distinction on of color is a disgrace to the age in which we live. The idea that a man like Frederick Douglass can be denied entrance to a car; that the doors of a hotel can be shut in his face; that he may be prevented from entering a theater—the idea that there shall be some ignominious corner into which such a man can be thrown by a decision of the supreme court! This idea is simply absurd.

"What remains to be done now, and who is going to do it?" For a good while people have been saying that the republican party had outlived its usefulness; that there vas very little difference now between the parties; that there was hardly enough left to talk about. This decision opens the whole question. This decision says to the republican party, 'Your mission is not yet ended. This is not a free country. Our flag does not yet protect the rights of a human being.' This decision is the tap of a drum. The old veterans will fall into line. This decision gives the issue for the next campaign, and it may be that the supreme court has builded wiser than it know. This ence now between the parties; that there was court has builded wiser than it knew is a greater question than the tariff or free trade. It is a question of freedom of human

rights, of the sacredness of humanity.
"The real Americans, the real believers in liberty, will give three cheers for Judge

Harlan. "One word more. The government is bound to protect its citizens, not only when they are away from home, but when they are under the flag. In time of war the govern-ment has a right to draft any citizen; to put that citizen in the line of battle, and compel him to fight for the nation. If the govern-ment, when imperiled, has the right to com-pel a citizen, whether white or black, to defend with his blood the flag, that citizen, when imperiled, has the right to demand pro-tection from the nation. The nation cannot then say, you must appeal to your state.' If the citizen must appeal to the state for re-dress, then the citizen should defoud the state and not the general government, and the etrine of state rights then becomes complete.

SENATOR CARPENTER'S PROPHECY During the closing hours of the debate on the civil rights bill, on the day that it passed the senate, Senator Matt H. Carpenter said: 'I can conceive of no argument based on the ourteenth amendment establishing a right to serve as a juror which does not also establish the right to serve as a legislator and hold any state office, and this in view of the fif-

teenth amendment, must be regarded as a perfect reducte ad absurdum, as a perfect reducte ad absurdum, If the states do not possess the power of determining who shall or who shall not participate in the exercise of this important state function, then it must be admitted that the states may be interfered with in an important particular in the exercise of their conceded newers. No one will down that conceded powers. No one will deny that to-day, after all the amendments, a state has a right to administer justice day, after all the amendments, a state has a right to administer justice according to her own constitution and laws, in obedience to the constitution of the United States, in her own courts. This is her prerogative. The states cannot interfore with the exercise of federal functions by taxing the instrumentalities of officers of the general government without its consent. or in any other manner; and hence it follows that the United States cannot interfere with the states in the exercise of their func-In accordance with this principle, i ecided by the supreme court, in 11 Wal lace's Reports, page 113, that congress could not impose a tax upon the salary of a judicial officer of a state. It seems to be clear from the decision of the supreme court, in 16 Wallace's Reports, page 130, that the